

Emerging Science and Management of Atopic Dermatitis

Page

- 3 Introduction**
- 4 The Disease Burden of Atopic Dermatitis**
- 7 Food Allergy and Atopic Dermatitis:
Fellow Travelers or Triggers?**
- 11 Topical Therapy for Atopic Dermatitis:
New and Investigational Agents**
- 14 Systemic Therapy of Atopic Dermatitis:
Welcome to the Revolution**
- 17 Improving Outcomes Through
Therapeutic Patient Education**
- 20 CME/CE Post-Test and Evaluation Form**

Original Release Date: December 2017

Expiration Date: December 31, 2018

Estimated Time to Complete Activity: 1.75 hours



Faculty

Lawrence F. Eichenfield, MD

Professor of Dermatology and Pediatrics
Vice Chair, Department of Dermatology
Chief, Pediatric and Adolescent Dermatology
University of California
San Diego School of Medicine and
Rady Children's Hospital-San Diego
University of California
San Diego, California

Linda F. Stein Gold, MD

Director of Dermatology Research
Henry Ford Health System
Detroit, Michigan

Wynnis L. Tom, MD

Associate Clinical Professor of Dermatology and Pediatrics
University of California San Diego School of Medicine
Rady Children's Hospital
San Diego, CA

Jointly provided by



Postgraduate Institute
for Medicine



Global Academy for
Medical Education



Supported by an independent
educational grant from **Pfizer Inc.**

Emerging Science and Management of Atopic Dermatitis

Original Release Date: **December 2017**

Expiration Date: **December 31, 2018**

Estimated Time to Complete Activity: **1.75 hours**

Participants should read the activity information, review the activity in its entirety, and complete the online post-test and evaluation. Upon completing this activity as designed and achieving a passing score on the post-test, you will be directed to a Web page that will allow you to receive your certificate of credit via e-mail or you may print it out at that time. The online post-test and evaluation can be accessed at <http://tinyurl.com/atopicdermsupl2017>.

Inquiries about CME accreditation may be directed to the University of Louisville Office of Continuing Medical Education & Professional Development (CME & PD) at cmepd@louisville.edu or (502) 852-5329.

Accreditation Statements

Physicians: This activity has been planned and implemented in accordance with the requirements and policies of the Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education (ACCME) through the joint providership of the University of Louisville and Global Academy for Medical Education, LLC. The University of Louisville is accredited by the ACCME to provide continuing medical education for physicians.

The University of Louisville Office of Continuing Medical Education & Professional Development designates this enduring material for a maximum of 1.75 *AMA PRA Category 1 Credit*™. Physicians should claim only the credit commensurate with the extent of their participation in the activity.

Nurses: Postgraduate Institute for Medicine is accredited with distinction as a provider of continuing nursing education by the American Nurses Credentialing Center's Commission on Accreditation. This educational activity for 1.6 contact hour is provided by the Postgraduate Institute for Medicine. Designated for 0.8 contact hours of pharmacotherapy credit for Advance Practice Nurses.

Target Audience

This journal supplement is intended for dermatologists, pediatricians, family practitioners, internists, nurses, nurse practitioners, physician assistants, and other clinicians who treat patients with atopic dermatitis.

Educational Needs

Recent research into the pathophysiology of atopic dermatitis has yielded two new treatments—the first ones to receive US Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approval for management of this condition in more than a decade. Both new therapies offer novel mechanisms of action. Crisaborole, a topical medication that inhibits the phosphodiesterase-4 (PDE-4) enzyme, is approved for the treatment of mild to moderate disease in adults and children as young as 2 years old. Dupilumab, the first biologic therapy approved for use in atopic dermatitis, inhibits interleukin (IL)-4 and IL-13. It is indicated for the treatment of moderate to severe disease in adults whose disease is inadequately controlled with topical prescription therapies, or when those therapies are inadvisable.

Awareness of the substantial impact atopic dermatitis can have on quality of life can facilitate patient-clinician conversations about treatment goals. Such discussions may influence shared decision-making about therapeutic choices.

Therapeutic patient education has been applied to a variety of conditions and is now being studied in atopic dermatitis.

Food allergy and infection represent common comorbidities in patients with atopic dermatitis. New information about the benefit of the early introduction of peanuts to the diet has surfaced in recent years. Alterations in the

skin microbiome may underlie the association of colonization and infection in atopic dermatitis. Preliminary research attempts to deploy the atopic patient's "good" bacteria to reduce *Staphylococcus aureus* colonization.

Brief, expert reviews of the literature in these areas can help busy providers stay current in a rapidly evolving field, and can facilitate the translation of research into clinical practice to improve outcomes.

Learning Objectives

By reading and studying this supplement, participants should be better able to:

- Demonstrate an understanding of how atopic dermatitis can affect patient sleep, quality of life, daily activities, risk of comorbidities, and health care utilization/cost
- Explain the mechanism of action and clinical trials data supporting recently approved treatments for atopic dermatitis
- Discuss investigation therapies for atopic dermatitis
- Apply recent recommendations for evaluation of candidates for systemic treatment of atopic dermatitis
- Explain the benefit of providing patients with a written action plan
- Analyze the relationships of food allergy and infection to atopic dermatitis.

Disclosure Declarations

Individuals in a position to control the content of this educational activity are required to disclose: 1) the existence of any relevant financial relationship with any entity producing, marketing, re-selling, or distributing health care goods or services consumed by, or used on, patients with the exemption of non-profit or government organizations and non-health care related companies, within the past 12 months; and 2) the identification of a commercial product/device that is unlabeled for use or an investigational use of a product/device not yet approved.

Lawrence F. Eichenfield, MD, Advisory Board/Speaker: Valeant Pharmaceuticals North America LLC. **Consultant:** Eli Lilly and Company, Genentech, Inc., Otsuka America Pharmaceutical, Inc./Medimetriks Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Pfizer Inc., Sanofi Genzyme/Regeneron Pharmaceuticals, TopMD, Valeant. **Investigator:** Sanofi Genzyme/Regeneron.

Linda F. Stein Gold, MD, Consultant: Pfizer. **Grant/Research:** GlaxoSmithKline and Pfizer. **Data Monitoring Committee:** Otsuka.

Wynnis L. Tom, MD, Consultant: Pfizer. **Grant/Research:** Pfizer, Celgene Corporation, Pfizer, and Regeneron.

University of Louisville CME & PD Advisory Board and Staff Disclosures: The CME & PD Advisory Board and Staff have nothing to disclose.

CME/CE Reviewers: University of Louisville **Cindy England Owen, MD**, has nothing to disclose. The Postgraduate Institute of Medicine planners and managers **Trace Hutchison, PharmD**; **Samantha Mattiucci, PharmD, CHCP**; **Judi Smelker-Mitchek, MBA, MSN, RN**; and **Jan Schultz, MSN, RN, CHCP**, have nothing to disclose.

Global Academy for Medical Education Staff: **Eileen McCaffrey, MA**; **Tristan M. Nelsen, MNM, CMP, HMCC**; **Sylvia H. Reitman, MBA, DipEd**; and **Ron Schaumburg** have nothing to disclose.

Off-Label/Investigational Use Disclosure

This CME/CE activity discusses the off-label use of certain approved medications as well as data from clinical trials on investigational agents. Any such material is identified within the text of the articles.

Reprinted from

Seminars in Cutaneous Medicine and Surgery

The manuscript was originally published as a supplement to *Seminars in Cutaneous Medicine and Surgery*, Vol. 36, No. 4S, December 2017. It has been reviewed and approved by the faculty as well as the Editors of *Seminars in Cutaneous Medicine and Surgery*.

The faculty acknowledge the editorial assistance of Global Academy for Medical Education, LLC, and Eileen McCaffrey, MA, medical writer, in the development of this supplement.

This continuing medical education (CME/CE) supplement was developed from a satellite symposium held at the Skin Disease Education Foundation's 18th Annual Las Vegas Dermatology Seminar, November 3, 2017, in Las Vegas, Nevada. Neither the Editors of *Family Practice News & Internal Medicine News* nor the Editorial Advisory Board nor the reporting staff contributed to its content. The opinions expressed are those of the faculty and do not necessarily reflect the views of the supporter, Global Academy for Medical Education, University of Louisville, Postgraduate Institute for Medicine, or the Publisher of *Family Practice News & Internal Medicine News*.

Copyright © 2017 by Global Academy for Medical Education, LLC, Frontline Medical Communications Inc. and its Licensors. All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced or transmitted in any form, by any means, without prior written permission of the Publisher. Global Academy for Medical Education, LLC, the accredited provider or the Publisher will not assume responsibility for damages, loss, or claims of any kind arising from or related to the information contained in this publication, including any claims related to the products, drugs, or services mentioned herein.



Global Academy for
Medical Education